

SESSION NINE

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WATCH VIDEOS
FOR ACTIVITIES
1,3,5 & 6 HERE





TRUST ME!

Learning to listen to someone else

YOU SAY

- Let's play Trust Me.
- Split into pairs with a bib.
- Half of you start one side of the box, and the other half on an adjacent side.
- Use the bib to create a blindfold for one of the pairs*.
- When I say go, the blindfolded player walks slowly across the box, with their partner just behind giving them direction.
- Aim to get to the other side without bumping into someone else.
- Swap and repeat.
- * Or they can put their hands over their eyes.



- You can instead set out a path of cones for the player to follow.
- It is best if they are not moving in opposite directions.







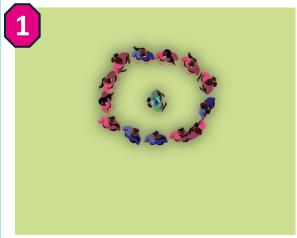
TRUST & CIRCLE GAME

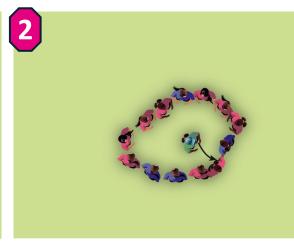
SOLIDARITY

- Teamwork
- Emotions

YOU SAY

- Let's get into pairs.
- What was the goal of the game Trust Me? How did you work as a pair to achieve that goal?
- Let's play the circle game.
- Everyone, let's make a circle around me!
- Hold the person next to you by their wrist it looks like a daisy chain.
- Now you are ready; don't let me touch the circle.
- What helped you improve as a group? How did that help you TRY to achieve your goals?
- If you didn't achieve your goals but did work as a team, could you spread the load?





- Don't let the coach touch the edge of the circle.
- Start with walking.
- Change directions a couple of times.
- The players will need to work together to change direction and not let go of each other.



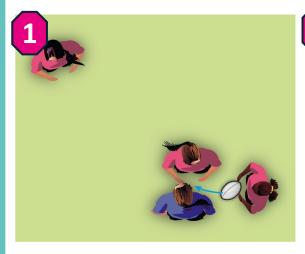


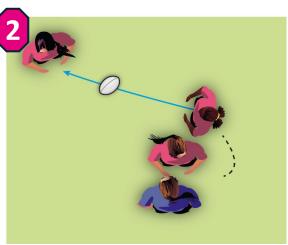
CLEARING THE MESS

Learning to pass away from a scrum

YOU SAY

- Let's work on passing from the ground.
- It happens if the ball comes from a scrum.
- Get yourself into fours or fives with a ball on the line.
- When I say go, the ball carrier comes out, and everyone else follows.
- When I say "scrum", the ball carrier turns to face the line of the box on their right.
- The next two players stand opposite each other next to the ball carrier and form a 1 v 1 passive scrum.
- The ball carrier feeds the scrum, and then gathers the ball and passes to another player.
- Repeat.





YOU DO

- You will need plenty of space.
- Demonstrate a 1 v 1 scrum.
- A "clearing" pass from the base of a scrum:
- Sit to reach the ball.
- Fire the hands towards the receiver.

PROGRESSIONS

This can be repeated in many smaller boxes, with the players setting up the scrums themselves and then playing for two touchtackles after the scrum.





2





TRUST

YOU SAY

- Rugby is a great community game. How could we encourage others to be part of this group or part of rugby?
- What might be the barriers to allowing this happen?
- How can we work together to overcome some or all of these barriers?
 - Find experts
 - Ask our community be clear on what we want and how it should be delivered
- How do we persuade them?
 - Know the benefits, clearly defined
 - Show others where it has worked
 - Split the load of explaining amongst the players
- This is team goal build our community let others know the joy of being part of our team



- Here are some possible barriers to explore:
- We might have an idea, but we don't have enough funds, resources or the proper plan or tools to implement
- We might feel passionately about an issue, but some others in our community might disagree.
- Some people might think we are too young to work in this way.



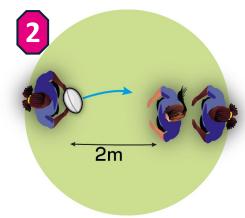
LAST SCRUM STANDING

Revising scrum and lineout set-pieces

YOU SAY

- Let's play Last Scrum Standing.
- Split into two teams.
- We will play normal Bulletball.
- When I shout "Scrum!" I want to see to get into groups of three, bound like a scrum
- Some teams might have one or two players left over, don't worry.
- The last team to form the right number of scrums won't start with the ball.
- The winning team start with the ball and a scrum, with two threes coming together
- Enjoyed that? Let's now play Last Lineout Standing!





YOU DO

- Identify how many scrums each team can form before a game.
- Set the rules on what looks like a scrum.
- With lots of scrums, you have a chance to help the "hooker" understand their role at hooker.
- With lots of lineouts, you have a chance to help the thrower understand their role at the lineout.





1



T1 RUGBY SCENARIOS

Let's play T1 Rugby! But with scenarios

YOU SAY

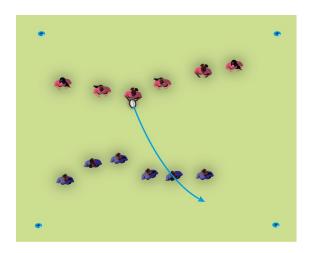
- Let's split into two teams.
- After every score, we will start with a kick off.
- Run and pass backwards.
- Tag: RIP AND PASS
- Defence must form tackle triangle after a 1 tag.
- Defence has to be onside.
- The attack has six lives. You lose a life by:
 - Going out of play
 - Being tagged
 - Breaking a ground rule
- Scrum for forward pass or knock-on.
- Lineout for the ball going into touch.
- Teams can kick, but chasers have to start behind the kick.

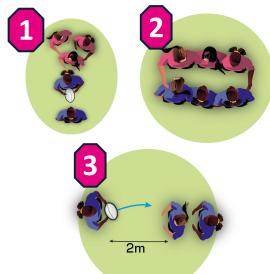


- Start the game on the halfway line with a kick (any type).
- When all the lives are lost, the other team restart from the last infringement.
- Set up "scenarios" for the players. Examples:
 - Three starts for a scrum here (e.g. 15m from a try line)
 - The defence has two fewer players
 - Two starts each from a lineout here (e.g. on the halfway)
 - How do you escape from close to your line









SESSION 9: ACTIVITY 6





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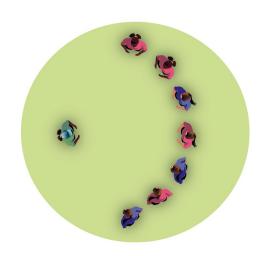




TRUST WRAP

YOU SAY

- Can you believe that's the end of the session already?
- Find a different person to pair up with.
- You have two questions to answer:
 - 1. What is meant by trust?
 - 2. How do we persuade others to be part of the group?



- Form a semi-circle around the coach. Can everyone see?
- Split them into pairs.
- > Ask question. Circulate and listen
- Ask the question again, pick out a good pair to answer.
- Ask another pair to compare and add.